

A DIRECT STATEMENT FROM ME, YOU MAY SAY THAT I DO NOT KNOW WHEN THE STRIKE WILL END."

Mr. Morgan went direct to his office from the Liberty street ferry.

## BAER CANNOT SAY IF STRIKE IS ENDED OR NOT.

President Baer, of the Reading Railroad, made the following statement to The Evening World this afternoon:

"Whether or not Mr. Mitchell will accept the terms we have offered to our employees at the mines I do not know.

"I think this is a good time for me to say that I cannot believe that Gov. Odell gave out the report on the alleged conversation that took place between him and me at the conference in Senator Platt's office last Friday. Words were put into my mouth that I did not utter. What I really did say was this:

"Why, Governor, should you expect us to accept your proposition when we have in hand a far better one from the National Manufacturers' Association, to which we are expected to give an answer next Tuesday?"

"In the five months past I have received hundreds of letters, some commendatory many commendatory. I received a letter from a young woman to-day saying that she might be compelled to sell her jewelry to buy coal, but she would rather do it than see me recede from the position I have taken. I feel admiration for that young woman's grit.

"Candidly, I cannot say whether the strike is near settlement or not so far as the operators are concerned. Of course, every day brings us closer to the end. We have made our proposition, and all we can do is to wait to see what is done with it."

Mr. Baer went to Philadelphia this afternoon.

## OPERATORS TELL WHY THEY AGREED ON PLAN.

"Public Opinion Forced It," Says Fowler; "For Humanity's Sake," Says Olyphant; Baer Drew Up the Scheme.

President Fowler, of the New York, Ontario & Western, was the first of the operators to get to his office this morning.

His attention was called to the fact that President Mitchell and other labor men objected to the restrictions put on the commission the operators want President Roosevelt to appoint, because there is no representative for labor considered.

"That's no such thing," said Mr. Fowler, emphatically. "Labor is represented or can be represented on the commission by the selection of a labor man in the class designated as sociologist. That is the place which was intended for a labor man."

"Will it be a union labor man?" he was asked.

"That is for the President to determine," he answered.

"Why was Mr. Maricle's name not signed to the statement?"

"I don't believe that Mr. Maricle knew anything of the statement. He called while the conference was in progress, but he did not participate in it."

## PUBLIC OPINION FORCED OPERATORS.

Asked how the operators had come to agree on the arbitration plan Mr. Fowler replied:

"It was chiefly due to the pressure of public opinion, or, rather, you might say, public necessity. We recognized that the public would suffer from scarcity of coal if something was not done soon, and we concluded that it would be honorable to overlook in a measure the rights of the interests that we represent in order that a way out of a serious predicament might be found. Many of the schools were getting ready to shut down, and still greater hardships might be suffered."

President Olyphant, of the Delaware and Hudson railroad, was asked by The Evening World reporter this afternoon if he considered the operators' proposition made to President Roosevelt in the nature of a concession to the miners.

"It was a concession," replied Mr. Olyphant, "but not to the miners. It was a concession to humanity."

"The proposition of the operators is a move directed toward relieving the distress that is prevalent throughout the country. The want of coal is too serious a matter to be contemplated lightly and the presidents of the coal roads feel it most of all, strange as that may seem to the public."

Here Mr. Olyphant smiled a shadowy smile.

"All along," he continued, "we have tried to do the best we could for New York City, although the wants of the rest of the country were fully as great. If this had been the opening, instead of the close of the summer season the proposition submitted to President Roosevelt last night would probably not have been necessary."

## IN ROOSEVELT'S HANDS, SAYS TRUESDALE.

President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, said:

"Our proposition has no string to it. It now rests with the President to name his own commission. We have not reserved the right to question his appointments or to reject them."

"Will the coal companies have enough cars to supply the market at once in case the strike is ended?" he was asked.

"I have no doubt of it," he said.

President Baer, of the Reading, gave a short interview after his arrival in the city to-day. He was asked if he considered the proposition submitted to President Roosevelt as a concession from the stand taken by the operators all through the previous strike negotiations.

"That's funny," replied Mr. Baer, laughing. "I happen to have drawn up the proposition myself, or at least I had a considerable part in preparing it, and I may state that it embodies my opinions and views exactly."

## PLATT, HE CRACKS A JOKE.

Senator Platt buried himself in his office this morning and refused to see reporters who desired to interview him on the prospect of the settlement of the coal strike.

Various questions were written out and sent in to him, but he refused to reply to them until an agile-witted young man evolved one that got the aged Senator. Here it is:

"Should not the credit for the most recent events in the coal strike go to the Republican party and to the conferences in your office?"

"I think the people generally will indorse that view," wrote Senator Platt in reply.

A prominent operator was shown Senator Platt's modest estimate of his own worth as a strike settler.

"Bah," said the operator; "why, the Republican politicians have done all they could to prevent a settlement of the strike in Pennsylvania."

## CARROLL D. WRIGHT, WHO MAY BE MEMBER OF THE PRESIDENT'S ARBITRATION COMMISSION.



CARROLL D. WRIGHT

## HERE IS ANOTHER COAL STRIKE PLAN.

The Executive Committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, which has been working to settle the coal strike, held a called meeting this afternoon at Malden Lane and Broadway.

In view of the developments of the past twenty-four hours it was decided to drop active work until a result is arrived at.

A committee of three, composed of D. M. Parry, President of the Association; Richard Young, of Brooklyn, and Frank Leake, of Philadelphia, was sent to the Jersey Central Building to confer with the coal operators in session there.

The committee announced to the coal operators that inasmuch as a plan had

been submitted to the President looking to the end of the strike, the National Manufacturers' Association had decided to defer submitting its proposition until some conclusion is reached.

"We were assured," said Mr. Leake, "that if the negotiations now in progress fail to end the strike the operators will consider a proposition we have prepared."

Mr. Leake would not say what this proposition is, but it is said to have the sanction of President Mitchell.

It has been said that Mr. Mitchell said to the committee in Buffalo that he would advise his men to go back to work and not insist upon formal recognition of the union if the operators would grant the demand for a 10 per cent increase and shorter hours for day workers.

## MEXICO LOSES PIUS FUND CLAIM.

Hague Tribunal Awards United States \$1,420,000 — ReStores Treaty Payments.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 14.—The Arbitration Court in the Pius Fund case has condemned Mexico to pay the United States \$1,420,000 in Mexican currency.

The tribunal finds:

That the claim of the United States in behalf of the Archbishop of San Francisco is governed by the principle of res judicata in virtue of the arbitration decision pronounced by Sir Edward Thornton Nov. 11, 1875, and amended by Sir Edward Thornton Oct. 21, 1876, that in conformity with this decision the Government of the United States of Mexico should pay the Government of the United States \$1,420,000 in money of the legal currency of Mexico within the period fixed by Article No. 19 of the protocol of Washington. This sum will cover the total payment of annuities due from and unpaid by the Government of the Mexican Republic, namely, the annual payment of \$13,000 in Mexican currency from Feb. 2, 1880, to Feb. 2, 1902.

The Government of the United States of Mexico will also pay to the Government of the United States on Feb. 2, 1903, and every following year for the same date forever, an annual payment of \$13,000 in money of the legal currency of Mexico.

The decision of the court was unanimous.

## ACCUSED SLAYER FREE.

Italian Who Shot Companion in Crap Game Acquitted.

Caroline De Mitto, the first of the thirty-five homicides to be placed on trial by District Attorney Jerome, was acquitted this afternoon and released.

Her trial of De Mitto began last Thursday. He was defended by Ambrose Purdy.

De Mitto was accused and indicted for shooting Thomas Kelly, of No. 25 Monroe street, on May 18. The trouble was over a crap game.

## NO MANDAMUS FOR EX-FIREMAN.

Justice O'Gorman Sharply Denounces James J. Manley, Accused of Corrupt Practices.

Justice O'Gorman to-day in denying the application of James J. Manley, who was discharged from his post as assistant foreman of Engine Company No. 26, for a writ of mandamus restraining him, scored the applicant in unmeasured terms.

Manley was discharged on charges of absence from duty and conduct unbecoming a fireman and a gentleman, in that he conspired with James J. McCormick to extort money from applicants for places in the department.

Justice O'Gorman in refusing Manley's petition said: "The relator participated with an employee of the Fire Department in a criminal conspiracy and he has been engaged for upward of a year in endeavoring to escape the consequences of his corrupt conduct."

"The circumstance that he is now to be used as a witness to give State's evidence against his confederate does not weaken the Court's impression of his own guilt."

## SMALL FIRE CAUSES PANIC.

Boy Accidentally Drops Match Among Paper.

More than one hundred and fifty men, women, girls and boys were thrown into a panic by a small fire which occurred on the fourth floor of the six-story building at No. 548 Broadway to-day.

The floor is occupied by Rosenwasser Brothers, dealers in legging. One of the boys on the floor, who ran away, was sent to get stock from a dark corner on the floor. He accidentally dropped a match which he was holding, into a pile of tissue paper and rubbish and it immediately blazed up.

The fire although not a dangerous one made a big dash and most of the employees in the place made a dash for the door.

The women and girls in the street made such a noise screaming and shouting that Patrolman Denan, of the Broadway Squad, turned in an alarm, but when the firemen arrived the fire was out.

## FIGHT WITH DOGS TO SAVE A BOY.

Child Fell Off High Bridge Into the Harlem River and They Tried to Rescue the Drowning Child.

## POLICEMAN WAS THE HERO.

After the strenuous efforts of two dogs and a policeman, little Gerard Walsh, five years old, the son of Thomas F. Walsh, a builder, of No. 2329 Eighth avenue, was saved from a watery grave in Harlem River to-day.

The little chap was playing on Maccomb's Dam Bridge with his sister Edna, Willie Nelson and several other boys and girls of the neighborhood. There was a scream and little Gerard was seen to plunge over the high bridge and strike the water with a loud splash.

Patrolman Charles H. Francis, who is more than sixty years old and has been stationed on the bridge for thirty years, heard the screams and the splash. He has a long record of rescues and he did not stop to think twice. He ran down a long flight of stairs, jumped in and swam to the point where he saw the child so dazed.

A man whose name has not been learned was fishing from the brick barge Essex, and with him were two big dogs. They saw the child fall in and they, too, sprang in the water, bent on rescuing him. They swam out to the spot and when they saw the policeman they were suspicious of his motives and attacked him.

Francis had a hard fight with the dogs in the water, but succeeded finally in driving them off after receiving a badly lacerated hand. He also had a hard fight against a treacherous whirlpool at that point, but he succeeded in catching hold of the child's clothing and going with the tide until he reached a point where he could walk ashore.

After the boy was revived by an ambulance surgeon, he said Willie Nelson had given him a push in play. He caught his foot against the stringpiece of the bridge and before he could catch himself he toppled over the side. He was taken home.

## HE HAD THE ACCIDENT HABIT.

Death at Last Claims a Man for Whom It Made Many a Bid.

VINCENNES, Ind., Oct. 14.—When James Alexander Plummer died here to-day death gathered in a man who had baffled him for a half century. Plummer was seventy-six years of age.

Mr. Plummer in 1861, in Cincinnati, as a member of the Volunteer Fire Department, was run over and badly injured. He was wounded three times in the Mexican war. He contracted Panama fever and nearly starved.

In 1897 Mr. Plummer went to California and was shot by Indians. In 1897 he was struck by lightning. In 1898 he suffered lockjaw from a finger being sucked off. In 1897 his limbs and body were crushed in the machinery of a chair factory and in 1891 he fell on ice and both hips were broken.

## SETTLE STRIKE, SAYS MAYOR.

Widespread Distress and Danger, Due to the Coal Crisis, Pointed Out by Mr. Low to the Aldermen.

## CITY DEPARTMENTS' NEEDS.

Board Informed that the Ordinance Against Use of Soft Coal Must Not Be Enforced While Present Conditions of Famine Prevail.

Mayor Low this afternoon addressed a communication to the Board of Aldermen on "toleration of the soft-coal nuisance," as an Alderman expressed it. The Mayor wrote that in view of the present coal situation the smoke ordinance will not be enforced. The Board of Health, he said, will continue to act as advisor in cases of individual complaint as to how the smoke nuisance may be lessened, but it will give public notice before it resumes the aggressive enforcement of the ordinance.

"The measures taken by the coal companies," added the Mayor, "for placing anthracite coal at the command of small consumers is a matter of public knowledge. I am able to add that the action of your honorable board in allowing various side depots which are kept supplied by the Burns Bros. It did not come from lack of coal, but the difficulty in getting it from the riverside depots of the Burnes to the small depots. Extra teams were put on to-day and the supply will be kept up to the demand."

Harry G. Barber, one of the dealers having in charge the work, said to-day that even if the strike is settled immediately it will be two months before New York will have its normal supply of coal. Working to the capacity of the city, the operators will find it impossible to supply the country's demand for a time. Much of the coal will have to go West.

"If the great lakes freeze over and the coal trade is interrupted," said Mr. Barber, "it will be better for New York, for much of the coal which would go to the city would be diverted to the north. But at the best, we do not look for normal conditions until January."

"Until these cheap coal depots will be kept going by the operators, it is quite likely that the price will be reduced very shortly, so that the poor will be able to get coal more cheaply even than they have in past years. There may possibly be a reduction next week, providing the strike is settled at once."

President Olyphant of the Delaware and Hudson Company, has given five tons of coal to the United Charities Society. The society has prepared a list of one hundred families, and the coal will be distributed to them, free, at the rate of one hundred pounds to a family.

## MORGAN WITHDRAWS OFFER.

Recalls His Bid of \$25,000 for Famous Burns Manuscripts.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—It is announced that J. Pierpont Morgan's recent offer of \$25,000 for the Burns manuscripts in the Athenaeum Library of Liverpool has been withdrawn.

The offer of Mr. Morgan referred to in the London despatch has caused keen discussion. At the time it was made it was understood that the Committee of the Athenaeum would call a meeting of the proprietors and recommend that the offer be declined, as the manuscripts were regarded as a gift in trust to the library.

## CASTRO DEFEATS MATOS'S REBELS.

Venezuelans Proclaim Victory, but Caracas Government Has Taken to the Woods.

PUERTO CABELLO, Venezuela, Oct. 14.—According to an official report received here, the battle fought between the Venezuelan revolutionists and the forces of President Castro, near La Victoria, has resulted in a complete victory for the Government army.

The announcement has caused great enthusiasm here.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacao, Oct. 14.—The Government of Venezuela, owing to the fear that the revolutionists might make a night attack on Curacao, and in view of the fact that Vice-President Vincente Gomez had left that city yesterday morning with 800 men, all the troops available, to reinforce President Castro, has been transferred to the "provisional capital" of Venezuela, in the Guayana district, surrounding Los Teques, without any town or village being stipulated as the headquarters of the Ministers. Consequently the seat of the Government may be in a railroad car or in some other place unknown to the general public.

## KILLED IN POWER-HOUSE.

Joseph Winters Fell Two Stories to His Death.

While working in the power-house at the foot of Seventy-fourth street to-day death came suddenly to Joseph Winters, thirty-two years old, who lived at No. 142 East Fifteenth street.

Winters had gone up to the fourth floor for some reason, and no one knew he had been there until they heard his cry of distress as he fell. He alighted on the second floor and was instantly killed.

It is not quite clear how the man came by the fall. The Coroner was notified.

## RUSH GOES ON FOR CHEAP COAL.

Demands of the Poor as Great as Ever, but the Work is Now Systematized and Runs More Smoothly.

## WILL CONTINUE FOR MONTHS.

Operators Promise to Keep Depots Open Until Coal Supply Becomes Normal Even If the Strike Should Be Settled at Once.

Dealers having in charge the distribution of coal at 15 cents a pall got their work so systematized to-day that it went with great smoothness. The poor have come to realize that there is plenty of coal for all, and so instead of pushing and crowding to the depots early in the morning, they have distributed themselves through the hours, avoiding congestion.

There was some trouble yesterday at the smaller east side depots which are kept supplied by the Burns Bros. It did not come from lack of coal, but the difficulty in getting it from the riverside depots of the Burnes to the small depots. Extra teams were put on to-day and the supply will be kept up to the demand.

Harry G. Barber, one of the dealers having in charge the work, said to-day that even if the strike is settled immediately it will be two months before New York will have its normal supply of coal. Working to the capacity of the city, the operators will find it impossible to supply the country's demand for a time. Much of the coal will have to go West.

"If the great lakes freeze over and the coal trade is interrupted," said Mr. Barber, "it will be better for New York, for much of the coal which would go to the city would be diverted to the north. But at the best, we do not look for normal conditions until January."

"Until these cheap coal depots will be kept going by the operators, it is quite likely that the price will be reduced very shortly, so that the poor will be able to get coal more cheaply even than they have in past years. There may possibly be a reduction next week, providing the strike is settled at once."

President Olyphant of the Delaware and Hudson Company, has given five tons of coal to the United Charities Society. The society has prepared a list of one hundred families, and the coal will be distributed to them, free, at the rate of one hundred pounds to a family.

## BOAT UPSET IN SOUND.

Three Men Cling to Her Three Hours Before They Are Rescued.

After clinging to their overturned launch in the middle of the Sound for three hours, Morris R. and Alfred Jarboe of No. 25 St. Ann's avenue, and George Hall, of New Rochelle, were taken off by the steamship Cape Cod.

Morris Jarvis is an electrical engineer. Hall is a well-known business man and politician of New Rochelle. They started from New Rochelle in the launch for a half day's cruise, and had travelled twenty miles up the Sound when the boat was upset.

## AN IMPORTANT TEST.

Your Life May Be Prolonged by Applying It.

Do you realize the importance of the Kidneys and Bladder? When diseased they make a lot of trouble—tear down the system and create gravel (Stones in the Bladder). Women often suffer from so-called "female weaknesses," when their trouble really lies with the Kidneys and Bladder. Try the test. Put some urine in a tumbler. Let it stand 24 hours. If there is a sediment, a cloudy or milky appearance, your Kidneys are sick. If you are obliged to urinate often, especially during the night; if your urine stains linen, if you have sending pains in passing it, if your back pains you, your Bladder and Kidneys are diseased, and you should at once take the greatest of all Kidney medicines, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It has cured the most distressing cases.

It corrects the bad effects of beer or whiskey, will cure old and chronic cases of Rheumatism and Dyspepsia, and acts gently yet promptly on the Bowels. Favorite Remedy is sold in two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

Try bottle free. Apply to W. S. Rockey's Drug Store, 314 Ave. and 314th Street, New York City. Write for literature mentioning Evening World and address DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y.

## TWO HURT IN SUBWAY.

One Man's Skull Broken, Another's Scalp Injured.

The subway is responsible for the severe injury of two more workmen, Dominic Salino, eighteen years old, of No. 31 Cherry street, and Salvin Palrino, thirty-nine years old, of No. 32 Spellman street, Brooklyn.

The two men were working in the tunnel at Madison avenue and Forty-second street, and were suddenly overwhelmed by an avalanche of debris from a falling wall. Salino was picked up suffering from a fractured skull, while Palrino escaped with a scalp wound. Both were taken in an ambulance to the Flower Hospital.

## Solid Gold Eye Glasses \$1.00 a Pair.

You will wonder why I will give you a pair of solid gold Eye Glasses that sell everywhere at five dollars for one dollar. I will tell you why. I want you to realize, if your eyes trouble you, that it is to your advantage to consult me. I want you to know that for more than twenty-five years I have been fitting Eye Glasses. I have been of inestimable benefit to thousands of people who have been afflicted with eye ailments, whose services are free to any one who wishes to consult them. I want you to know that you can get the best possible advice, and that if you get Glasses from me you can be sure they will permanently benefit your sight. Therefore I make this grand offer.

## For This Week.

At Any of My Three Stores:— If after you have tried a pair of these five dollar gold Eye Glasses for one dollar you should be dissatisfied with them, bring them back and you can have your money. I only want you to keep these Glasses if you feel that they are what you want, not otherwise. But I know if you get a pair of them you will be perfectly pleased and will willingly tell your friends of my place, and that's all I can expect.

**L. Alexander**

106 E. 23d St., New York, near 4th Ave.  
541 Fulton St., Bklyn., near DeKalb Ave.  
192 Fulton St., Bklyn., near Orange St.

Said the Bird: He's a duck of a boy.

In a cravenette rain coat, the same sort his father wears; and what's good for the sire is good for the son.

Tough covert cloth, tan, sizes 8 to 16, \$16; gray, sizes 10 to 16, \$20.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

238 Broadway, cor. Warren, We all orders by mail.  
842 Broadway, cor. 13th,  
and 140 to 148 4th Ave.  
1290 Broadway, cor. 32d,  
and 51 West 33d St.

## West 14th St.

ESTD 1897  
**COWPERTHWAIT'S**  
"RELIABLE" CARPETS  
SMYRNA RUGS.

Size	Were	Now
6x9 ft.	\$12.50	\$8.50
7x10 ft.	20.00	12.50
9x12 ft.	25.00	16.80

All-work quality. Handsome floral designs, also copies of fine Oriental in light and dark effects.

Factor Furniture—graceful mahogany designs, with inlays of pearl and light woods. Handsomely carved, upholstered in all the new shades of satin damask.

"LONG CREDIT" enables you to "charge" all accounts.

**CASH OR CREDIT**  
**COWPERTHWAIT & CO.**  
104, 106 and 108 West 14th St.,  
NEAR 6th AV.

Brooklyn Stores: Flatbush Av. near Fulton St.

FOR SPORTING RECORDS SEE THE

**WORLD ALMANAC**

1,000 Topics Thoroughly Treated in the 1902 World Almanac. . . . . 25c. all well printed and strongly bound. . . . . By mail, 35c.

The H-O (Hawthorne) Company's  
**Presto**

Light Biscuit Light Pastry Light Cakes  
Light Work Light Cost—SURE and—  
Quick-as-a-wink!

P-13

A broken egg and dough errors are hard to mend.